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## MEMORANDUM

| TO: | Interested parties |
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| FROM: | Hickman Analytics, Inc. |
| RE: | lowa Survey Results |
| DATE: | April 24, 2015 |

Summary. A majority of lowa voters support expanded oil and natural gas drilling inside the Arctic Circle in Alaska. Hillary Clinton holds a large lead for the Democratic Presidential nomination. No one enjoys a clear advantage in the Republican contest.

## Key Findings

Arctic drilling. A majority of registered voters in lowa support allowing offshore drilling for oil and natural gas in U.S. waters inside the Arctic Circle (52\% support, 32\% oppose). Three-quarters of Republicans support Arctic drilling ( $74 \%$ support, $10 \%$ oppose). A near majority of Democrats oppose the measure ( $34 \%$ support, $49 \%$ oppose). Arctic drilling is supported by a wide plurality of non-partisan voters ( $48 \%$ support, $38 \%$ oppose). Men support drilling in the Arctic by nearly two-to-one ( $59 \%$ support, $31 \%$ oppose), as do a plurality of women ( $46 \%$ support, $34 \%$ oppose).

Presidential preference: Democrats. Recently-announced candidate Hillary Clinton enjoys strong support among lowans who plan to participate in the 2016 Democratic Presidential caucuses. Overall, 64\% prefer Clinton as the Democratic nominee. Among the other potential candidates tested, $9 \%$ prefer Vice-President Joe Biden, $4 \%$ support U.S. Senator Bernie Sanders (VT), $3 \%$ prefer former U.S. Senator Jim Webb (VA), and 2\% favor former Maryland Governor Martin O'Malley. Clinton's support is similar (62\%) among lowans most committed to participating in the caucuses. She leads by a wide margin across all major geographic and demographic subgroups. Clinton performs better with women than men, and with older versus younger voters. Her margin is under two-to-one only among men under 50, where she leads her closest challenger, Joe Biden, $47 \%$ to $24 \%$.

| Democratic caucus preference |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Likely | Sex |  | Age |  |  |
|  | All | Caucus | Men | Women | 18-39 | 40-59 | $\underline{60+}$ |
| Clinton | 64\% | 62\% | 55\% | 71\% | 54\% | 62\% | 70\% |
| Biden | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 18 | 6 | 6 |
| Sanders | 4 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 5 |
| Webb | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| O'Malley | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Don't know | 18 | 17 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 21 | 16 |

Presidential preference: Republicans. The Republican caucus contest is completely different. Where the Democrats have a clear front-runner and no obvious alternative, no one in the broad field of potential Republican Presidential candidates has a clear advantage and 7-8 candidates have reasonable arguments that they are well-positioned for the coming campaign.

Five prospective candidates currently have double-digit support: U.S. Senator Rand Paul (KY), Wisconsin Governor Scott Walker, former Florida Governor Jeb Bush, former Arkansas Governor Mike Huckabee, and U.S. Senator Marco Rubio (FL). Nearly a year out from the caucuses, more voters are undecided (16\%) than register a preference for any candidate. Among the most likely caucus participants, U.S. Senator Ted Cruz (TX) moves into the group with double-digit support.


Candidate support varies with gender, age, ideology, and partisanship. Walker leads narrowly among middle aged voters, men over 50, and Republican men. Paul has a slim lead with women, non-partisans, and younger voters. Rubio leads with voters over 60.

Among those who have officially announced their candidacy for President, Rubio (21\%) has a narrow advantage over Paul (18\%), and Cruz lags (12\%). Rubio leads among registered Republicans, older voters, moderates, and conservative voters. Paul has an edge with younger voters and non-partisans.


Energy issues will be important when lowa voters caucus and vote next year. More than eight of every ten (84\%) say energy issues will be important in their 2016 voting decisions. The salience of energy issues is over $80 \%$ among Republicans, Democrats, and Independents; among men and women; among voters of all age groups; and among voters of every ideological stripe.

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[^0]:    Technical note: This memo is based on a survey of 500 registered voters in lowa. Telephone interviewing was conducted April 19-21, 2015. The sample was selected so all registered voters were equally likely to be contacted, including a sample of cell phone numbers. The results were adjusted slightly to align the sample with known facts about the geographic and demographic composition of lowa registered voters. All polls are subject to errors associated with interviewing a sample rather than the entire universe. The estimation error associated with a sample of 500 is +/-4.4 percentage points. In other words, in 95 out of 100 cases, the results of this poll are within 4.4 percentage points (plus or minus) of the results that would have been achieved in interviews with every registered voter in lowa. Estimation errors are higher among subgroups of the sample.

